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RESEARCH ON AGROTECHNICAL FEATURES OF CICHORIUM INTYBUS, PALATABILITY AS COWS' FEEDSTUFF AND THE EFFECTS ON MILK PRODUCTION

Neamt Radu^{1*}, Dragomir Neculai¹, Cziszter Ludovic^{1,2}, Saplacan Gheorghe¹, Mihali Ciprian¹, Mizeranschi Alexandru¹, Ilie Daniela¹, Neciu Florin¹

1Research and Development Station for Bovine – Arad, 310059, Arad, Bodrogului, 32, Romania

2University of Life Sciences "King Michael I of Romania" from Timisoara, Calea Aradului 119, Romania

Abstract: The current study aimed to assess the Cichorium intybus agrotechnical and nutritional features. No significant differences were recorded between alfalfa and chicory. The chicory shown an increased preferability compared to alfalfa, gramineous or its mixtures. Comparable milk yield were recorded for alfalfa and chicory. Chicory proved it efficiency in cows feeding by an increased palatability and preferability degree.

Introduction

Chicory is a perennial plant, drought resistant, adaptable to the current environmental changes. It has an increased protein and tannins content, which is why it does not induce

Results and discussions

Parameters	Emergence (%)	Persistence (%)	Production (t/ha)	Palatability (%)	Preferability (%)	Effect in milk yield (% in 14 days interval)
Cicory	87	88	37	94	83	+19

meteoritis.

Material and method

The geo-botanical method- grid 1m² Evaluation of the botanical structure from phytocenosis –% Reporting to the total participation Evaluation of the nutritional aspects Animals- 30 dairy cows Training interval– 10 days Assessement interval– 20 days Consumability - the amount of consumed feed out of the total administered (%) Preferability – voluntary forage consumption based on previously satiety condition

Alta	aita	88	/b	42	89	/8	+18
Gra	mineous	85	70	28	71	66	-14

Conclusions

-good emergence, abundance, dominance and persistence;

-low permissiveness towards spontaneous flora;

-high degree of consumability and preferability;

-positive impact on milk production; -positive impact on feeding behavior; -does not impair the health of cows

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